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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/497,590	06/06/2000	Gary Karlin Michelson	101-0044-03000	7688	
22882	7590 12/01/2005		EXAMINER		
	FERRARO, LLP		BROWN, MICHAEL A		
	O'PINES STREET, NE E, OH 44632		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
HARTVILLI	2, 011 44032		3764		

DATE MAILED: 12/01/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

			ation No.	Applicant(s)	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Occurrence		09/497	7,590	MICHELSON, GA	MICHELSON, GARY KARLIN			
Office Action Summary			ner	Art Unit				
			l Brown	3764				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply								
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).								
Status								
1)	Responsive to communication(s) filed	on						
•	•	)⊠ This action i	s non-final.					
3)								
	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Dispositi	on of Claims							
4)🖂	4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>105-194</u> is/are pending in the application.							
	4a) Of the above claim(s) 105-148 and 188-194 is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
5)	) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)⊠	Claim(s) <u>149-168 and 170-187</u> is/are rejected.							
•	Claim(s) <u>169</u> is/are objected to.							
8)	Claim(s) are subject to restriction	on and/or electio	n requirement.					
Applicati	on Papers							
9) 🗌	The specification is objected to by the	Examiner.						
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.								
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).								
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).								
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.								
Priority u	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119							
<ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).</li> <li>a) All b) Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No.</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul>								
2) Notice 3) Information	e of References Cited (PTO-892) se of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO- mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or P		4) Interview Summ Paper No(s)/Ma 5) Notice of Inform 6) Other:		ГО-152)			

### **DETAILED ACTION**

#### Election/Restrictions

Applicant's election with traverse of Group II in the reply filed on August 24, 2005 is acknowledged. The traversal is on the ground(s) that claim 149 is a generic claim that belongs to both species. This is not found persuasive because claim 149 is not generic and it belong to Group I. In other words the passage could have a width that is greater than its height but that doesn't necessary mean that the passage is non-circular

The requirement is still deemed proper and is therefore made FINAL.

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 149-165, 167-168, 170-171, 173-180, 182-183 and 185-186 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Brantigan in view of Ma.

Brantigan discloses in figures 1-11 an apparatus for use in human spinal surgery comprising a guard member 22, extension portions (the portions of 22 that extends outward near 23 but don't including 23), the extension have the same height (fig. 4), penetrating means 23, (that are teeth or prongs), a spinal implant 11, fusion promoting material (col. 1, lines 62-69 col. 2, lines 1-54), the penetrating means has a tapered end (fig. 4) the guard is a hollow sleeve (fig. 4), the distal end of the guard is contoured (fig.

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4), the proximal end of the guard has an increased diameter (at the larger portions of 22 adjacent to 23), a bone removal device 21, the spinal implant is part bone and bone graft (col. 1 lines 62-69 – col. 2, lines 1-54), an implant driver 24 and the drill 21 has flutes (that allow for the removal of bone). However, Brantigan doesn't disclose the passage of the guide being a non-circular cross-section. Ma teaches in figure 17 a guide 44a having a passage (the inside of 44a) that is non-circular. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time that the invention was made that the passage of the guide disclosed by Brantigan could be fabricated with a non-circular cross-section as taught by Ma in order to be able to insert a non-circular or circular cutting tool into the guide. The guide could be also be used to insert a non-circular implant through the guide.

#### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 166, 172, 181, 184 and 187 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over the references as applied to claims above, and further in view of Stednitz.

Stednitz teaches using a tap (tap threads) to form a threaded hole. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time that the invention was made that the tap as taught by Stednitz could be used to form a threaded hole in the

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vertebrae. It is a design choice to make the guard of a rectangular cross-section as taught by Ma. The end of the device away from 22 on the end opposite 23 is being interpreted as a cap. It is old and well known to use a press into compression a substance into a container (a spinal implant). It is a matter of duplication to have a second distractor.

## Allowable Subject Matter

Claim169 is objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

#### Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Michael Brown whose telephone number is 571-272-4972. The examiner can normally be reached on 5:30 am-4:00 pm Monday-Thursday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Gergory Huson can be reached on 571-272-4887. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

M. Brown November 28, 2005

> MICHAEL A. BROWN PRIMARY EXAMINER

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